

Certification Report

J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02

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Foreword

The Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security (NSCIB) provides a third-party evaluation and certification service for determining the trustworthiness of Information Technology (IT) security products. Under this NSCIB, TrustCB B.V. has the task of issuing certificates for IT security products, as well as for protection profiles and sites.

Part of the procedure is the technical examination (evaluation) of the product, protection profile or site according to the Common Criteria assessment guidelines published by the NSCIB. Evaluations are performed by an IT Security Evaluation Facility (ITSEF) under the oversight of the NSCIB Certification Body, which is operated by TrustCB B.V. in cooperation with the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations.

An ITSEF in the Netherlands is a commercial facility that has been licensed by TrustCB B.V. to perform Common Criteria evaluations; a significant requirement for such a licence is accreditation to the requirements of ISO Standard 17025 "General requirements for the accreditation of calibration and testing laboratories".

By awarding a Common Criteria certificate, TrustCB B.V. asserts that the product or site complies with the security requirements specified in the associated (site) security target, or that the protection profile (PP) complies with the requirements for PP evaluation specified in the Common Criteria for Information Security Evaluation. A (site) security target is a requirements specification document that defines the scope of the evaluation activities.

The consumer should review the (site) security target or protection profile, in addition to this certification report, to gain an understanding of any assumptions made during the evaluation, the IT product's intended environment, its security requirements, and the level of confidence (i.e., the evaluation assurance level) that the product or site satisfies the security requirements stated in the (site) security target.

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Recognition of the Certificate

Presence of the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA) and the SOG-IS logos on the certificate indicates that this certificate is issued in accordance with the provisions of the CCRA and the SOG-IS Mutual Recognition Agreement (SOG-IS MRA) and will be recognised by the participating nations.

International recognition

The CCRA was signed by the Netherlands in May 2000 and provides mutual recognition of certificates based on the Common Criteria (CC). Since September 2014 the CCRA has been updated to provide mutual recognition of certificates based on cPPs (exact use) or STs with evaluation assurance components up to and including EAL2+ALC_FLR.

For details of the current list of signatory nations and approved certification schemes, see <u>http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org</u>.

European recognition

The SOG-IS MRA Version 3, effective since April 2010, provides mutual recognition in Europe of Common Criteria and ITSEC certificates at a basic evaluation level for all products. A higher recognition level for evaluation levels beyond EAL4 (respectively E3-basic) is provided for products related to specific technical domains. This agreement was signed initially by Finland, France, Germany, The Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom. Italy joined the SOG-IS MRA in December 2010.

For details of the current list of signatory nations, approved certification schemes and the list of technical domains for which the higher recognition applies, see <u>https://www.sogis.eu</u>.



1 Executive Summary

This Certification Report states the outcome of the Common Criteria security evaluation of the J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02. The developer of the J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 is STMicroelectronics S.r.l located in Marcianise, Italy and they also act as the sponsor of the evaluation and certification. A Certification Report is intended to assist prospective consumers when judging the suitability of the IT security properties of the product for their particular requirements.

The TOE is a smart card, the Tachograph Card, which is configured and implemented as a driver card, workshop card, control card or company card in accordance with [EU_2016_165] Annex 1C, Appendix 2, Appendix 10, Appendix 11 and related amendments introduced in [EU_2021_1228] concerning new data files and increased data file size which have no impact on security requirements and mechanisms.

The TOE was previously evaluated by SGS Brightsight B.V. located in Delft and was certified under the accreditation of TÜV Rheinland Nederland on 12-12-2022 (<u>CC-0635023</u>). The current evaluation of the TOE has also been conducted by SGS Brightsight B.V. and was completed on 08 April 2025 with the approval of the ETR. The certification procedure has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security [*NSCIB*].

The scope of the evaluation is defined by the security target *[ST]*, which identifies assumptions made during the evaluation, the intended environment for the J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02, the security requirements, and the level of confidence (evaluation assurance level) at which the product is intended to satisfy the security requirements. Consumers of the J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 are advised to verify that their own environment is consistent with the security target, and to give due consideration to the comments, observations and recommendations in this certification report.

The results documented in the evaluation technical report *[ETR]*¹ for this product provide sufficient evidence that the TOE meets the EAL4 augmented (EAL4+) assurance requirements for the evaluated security functionality. This assurance level is augmented with ALC_DVS.2 (Sufficiency of security measures), ATE_DPT.2 (Testing: security enforcing module) and AVA_VAN.5 (Advanced methodical vulnerability analysis).

The evaluation was conducted using the Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5 *[CEM]* for conformance to the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5 *[CC]* (Parts I, II and III).

TrustCB B.V., as the NSCIB Certification Body, declares that the evaluation meets all the conditions for international recognition of Common Criteria Certificates and that the product will be listed on the NSCIB Certified Products list. Note that the certification results apply only to the specific version of the product as evaluated.

¹ The Evaluation Technical Report contains information proprietary to the developer and/or the evaluator, and is not available for public review.



2 Certification Results

2.1 Identification of Target of Evaluation

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) for this evaluation is the J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 from STMicroelectronics S.r.I located in Marcianise, Italy.

The TOE is comprised of the following main components:

Delivery item type	Identifier	Version
Hardware	ST31P450	IC Maskset name: K410A
		IC version: C
		Master identification number: 0x01F1
		Firmware version: 3.1.1 and 3.1.2
		Optional Neslib crypto library version: 6.4.7
		Revision: C02
Software	J-TACHOG2V2 Java Card Platform (including the native Operating System)	v1.0.2
	The J-TACHOG2V2 Tachograph Application	1.3.1

To ensure secure usage a set of guidance documents is provided, together with the J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02. For details, see section 2.5 "Documentation" of this report.

For a detailed and precise description of the TOE lifecycle, see the [ST], Chapter 5.1.9 or [ST-Lite] Chapter 5.1.9.

2.2 Security Policy

The TOE has the following security features:

- Storage of card identification and user identification data. This data is used by the Vehicle Unit to identify the human user, provide functions and data access rights accordingly;
 - To store data related to the human user, among which are user activities data, events and faults data and control activities
- Preservation of card identification data and user identification data stored during the card personalization process;
- Safe storage of user data stored in the card by Vehicle Units (VU)
- Allowance of certain write operations onto the cards to only an authenticated VU.
- The data that is stored in such a way as to prevent unauthorized access to and manipulation of the data, and to detect any such attempts
- The integrity and authenticity of data exchanged between the recording equipment and the Tachograph Card.



2.3 Assumptions and Clarification of Scope

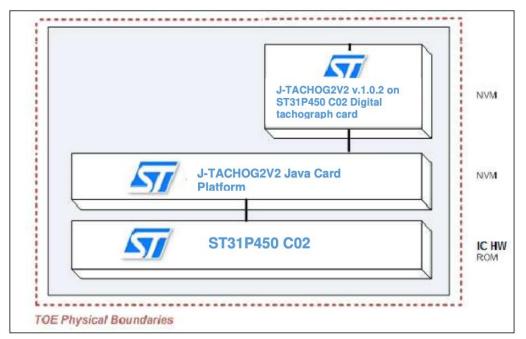
2.3.1 Assumptions

The assumptions defined in the Security Target are not covered by the TOE itself. These aspects lead to specific Security Objectives to be fulfilled by the TOE-Environment. For detailed information on the security objectives that must be fulfilled by the TOE environment, see section 7.6.2 of the [ST] or section 7.6.2 of the [ST-Lite].

2.3.2 Clarification of scope

The evaluation did not reveal any threats to the TOE that are not countered by the evaluated security functions of the product.

2.4 Architectural Information



The TOE is the micro-module made of the Integrated Circuit (IC) and its embedded software. Embedded Software includes J-TACHOG2V2 Java Card platform and the Tachograph Application (both First and Second Generation). It includes the associated embedded data of the smart card working on the micro-controller unit in accordance with the functional specifications.

2.5 Documentation

The following documentation is provided with the product by the developer to the customer:

Identifier	Version
J-TACHOG2V2 v.1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 Operational User Guidance, 31 January 2025	Rev.C
J-TACHOG2V2 v.1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 Preparative Procedure, 31 January 2025	Rev.C

2.6 IT Product Testing

Testing (depth, coverage, functional tests, independent testing): The evaluators examined the developer's testing activities documentation and verified that the developer has met their testing responsibilities.



2.6.1 Testing approach and depth

The developer performed extensive testing on functional specification, subsystem and SFR-enforcing module level. All parameter choices were addressed at least once. All boundary cases identified were tested explicitly, and additionally the near-boundary conditions were covered probabilistically. The testing was largely automated using industry standard and proprietary test suites. Test scripts were used extensively to verify that the functions return the expected values.

Tests are performed as "System Test" using "Black Box" approach. If needed, "Grey Box" approach is also used. Functional requirements from Tachograph specification have been verified using a standardized tool UL Smart Tachograph Card Functional Test Tool. Security requirements have been covered by additional test cases defined by the developer, and by the UL Test Tool where the test cases are adequate to verify the security requirements (operational stage).

The underlying hardware and crypto-library test results are extendable to composite evaluations, because the underlying platform is operated according to its guidance and the composite evaluation requirements are met.

For the testing performed by the evaluators, the developer provided samples and a test environment. The evaluators reproduced a selection of the developer tests, as well as a small number of test cases designed by the evaluator.

2.6.2 Independent penetration testing

The methodical analysis performed was conducted along the following steps:

- When evaluating the evidence in the classes ASE, ADV and AGD, no potential vulnerabilities were identified from generating questions to the type of TOE and the specified behaviour.
- For ADV_IMP a thorough implementation representation review was performed on the TOE. During this attack oriented analysis the protection against the attack scenarios was analysed using the knowledge gained from all previous evaluation classes. This resulted in the identification of additional potential vulnerabilities. This analysis was performed according to the attack list in [JIL-AP]. An important source for assurance against attacks in this step is the [HW-ETRfC] of the underlying platform; no additional potential vulnerabilities were concluded from this.
- All potential vulnerabilities were analysed using the knowledge gained from all evaluation classes and the public domain. A judgment was made on how to assure that these potential vulnerabilities are not exploitable. For most of the potential vulnerabilities a penetration test was defined. Several potential vulnerabilities were found to be not exploitable due to an impractical attack path.

The total test effort expended by the evaluators was 2 weeks. During that test campaign, 100% of the total time was spent on Perturbation attacks.

2.6.3 Test configuration

The TOE was tested in the following configurations:

• STM J-TACHOG2V2 v.1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02

2.6.4 Test results

The testing activities, including configurations, procedures, test cases, expected results and observed results are summarised in the *[ETR]*, with references to the documents containing the full details.

The developer's tests and the independent functional tests produced the expected results, giving assurance that the TOE behaves as specified in its *[ST]* and functional specification.

No exploitable vulnerabilities were found with the independent penetration tests.

The algorithmic security level of cryptographic functionality has not been rated in this certification process, but the current consensus on the algorithmic security level in the open domain, i.e., from the current best cryptanalytic attacks published, has been taken into account.



2.7 Reused Evaluation Results

There has been extensive reuse of the ALC aspects for the sites involved in the development and production of the TOE, by use of 4 Site Technical Audit Reports.

No sites have been visited as part of this evaluation.

2.8 Evaluated Configuration

The TOE is defined uniquely by its name and version number J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02.

2.9 Evaluation Results

The evaluation lab documented their evaluation results in the *[ETR]*, which references an ASE Intermediate Report and other evaluator documents.

The verdict of each claimed assurance requirement is "Pass".

Based on the above evaluation results the evaluation lab concluded the J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02, to be **CC Part 2 extended, CC Part 3 conformant**, and to meet the requirements of **EAL 4 augmented with ALC_DVS.2, ATE_DPT.2 and AVA_VAN.5**. This implies that the product satisfies the security requirements specified in Security Target [ST].

The Security Target claims 'strict' conformance to the Protection Profile [PP_0091].

2.10 Comments/Recommendations

The user guidance as outlined in section 2.5 "Documentation" contains necessary information about the usage of the TOE. Certain aspects of the TOE's security functionality, in particular the countermeasures against attacks, depend on accurate conformance to the user guidance of both the software and the hardware part of the TOE. There are no particular obligations or recommendations for the user apart from following the user guidance. Please note that the documents contain relevant details concerning the resistance against certain attacks.

In addition, all aspects of assumptions, threats and policies as outlined in the Security Target not covered by the TOE itself must be fulfilled by the operational environment of the TOE.

The customer or user of the product shall consider the results of the certification within his system risk management process. For the evolution of attack methods and techniques to be covered, the customer should define the period of time until a re-assessment for the TOE is required and thus requested from the sponsor of the certificate.

The strength of the cryptographic algorithms and protocols was not rated in the course of this evaluation. This specifically applies to the following proprietary or non-standard algorithms, protocols and implementations: <none>.

Not all key sizes specified in the *[ST]* have sufficient cryptographic strength to satisfy the AVA_VAN.5 "high attack potential". To be protected against attackers with a "high attack potential", appropriate cryptographic algorithms with sufficiently large cryptographic key sizes shall be used (references can be found in national and international documents and standards).



3 Security Target

The J-TACHOG2V2 v.1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 Security Target Common Criteria for IT security evaluation, Rev. N, dated 13 March 2025 *[ST]* is included here by reference.

Please note that, to satisfy the need for publication, a public version [ST-lite] has been created and verified according to [ST-SAN].

4 Definitions

This list of acronyms and definitions contains elements that are not already defined by the CC or CEM:

API	Access Control List
IC	Integrated Circuit
IT	Information Technology
ITSEF	IT Security Evaluation Facility
JIL	Joint Interpretation Library
NSCIB	Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the area of IT Security
PP	Protection Profile
TOE	Target of Evaluation
TRNG	True Random Number Generator



5 Bibliography

This section lists all referenced documentation used as source material in the compilation of this report.

[CC]	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Parts I, II and III, Version 3.1 Revision 5, April 2017
[CEM]	Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5, April 2017
[COMP]	Joint Interpretation Library, Composite product evaluation for Smart Cards and similar devices, Version 1.5.1, May 2018
[ETR]	Evaluation Technical Report "J-TACHOG2V2 v1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02" – EAL4+, 25-RPT-140, Version 3.0, Dated 25 March 2025
[HW-CERT]	ST31P450 including optional cryptographic library NESLIB C02, CERTIFICAT ANSSI-CC-2023/74-R01
[HW-ETRfC]	Evaluation Technical Report for composite evaluation MANDALA C02, MANDALA_C02_2024_ETRLite, v2.0, October 14th 2024
[HW-ST]	ST31P450 C02 including optional cryptographic library NESLIB Security Target for composition, Rev. C02.1, September 2024
[JIL-AAPS]	JIL Application of Attack Potential to Smartcards, Version 3.2.1, February 2024
[JIL-AMS]	Attack Methods for Smartcards and Similar Devices, Version 2.5, May 2022 (sensitive with controlled distribution)
[NSCIB]	Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security, Version 2.6, 02 August 2022
[PP_0091]	Digital Tachograph – Tachograph Card (TC PP), registered under the reference BSI-CC-PP-0091-2017, Version 1.0, 19 May 2017
[EU_2016_165]	Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/799 of 18 March 2016 implementing Regulation (EU) 165/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the requirements for the construction, testing, installation, operation and repair of tachographs and their components.
[EU_2021_1228]	COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION (EU) 2021/1228 of 16 July 2021 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/799 as regards the requirements for the construction, testing, installation, operation and repair of smart tachographs and their components.
[ST]	J-TACHOG2V2 v.1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 Security Target Common Criteria for IT security evaluation, Rev. N, dated 13 March 2025
[ST-lite]	J-TACHOG2V2 v.1.0.2 on ST31P450 C02 Security Target Lite Common Criteria for IT security evaluation, Rev. E, Dated 25 March 2025
[ST-SAN]	ST sanitising for publication, CC Supporting Document CCDB-2006-04-004, April 2006

(This is the end of this report.)